

# ЭЛСЭЛТИЙН ШАЛГАЛТ-2025

## ГАРААНЫ ҮНЭЛГЭЭ АНГЛИ ХЭЛ Хувилбар А

### PART I

#### SECTION 1 GRAMMAR

Read the following sentences and choose the correct answer to complete each sentence.

/4x1=4 points/

- I don't mind \_\_\_\_\_ a cat in my house so long as it doesn't smell.  
A. had B. have C. to have D. having E. have to
- I'm very busy with my thesis. I have \_\_\_\_\_ time for other things.  
A. a little B. much C. little D. few E. any
- The house was empty for a month \_\_\_\_\_ my neighbors moved out.  
A. while B. until C. during D. before E. after
- They asked me a lot of questions, most of \_\_\_\_\_ I couldn't answer.  
A. whom B. where C. that D. which E. when

/11x2=22 points/

- If you put your money in a savings, you \_\_\_\_\_ eight per cent interest.  
A. to get B. were getting C. get D. got E. are getting
- Eventually, you'll \_\_\_\_\_ the smells in the laboratory.  
A. got use to B. get used to C. used to D. got used to E. get use to
- Your friends live far from you. You would like them to live nearer to you.  
You say: I wish my friends \_\_\_\_\_ nearer to me.  
A. would live B. were living C. had lived D. lived E. have lived
- During her stay in Mongolia, Susan tried almost all the local foods her friends \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. had recommended  
B. would recommend  
C. have recommended  
D. were recommending  
E. are recommending
- The boys \_\_\_\_\_ by the police on their way home.  
A. have stopped B. stopped C. were stopped D. was stopped E. had stopped
- Direct speech:* "You play the guitar very well, Chimgee," the teacher told.  
*Reported speech:* The teacher told Chimgee (that) \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. she is playing the guitar very well  
B. she plays the guitar very well  
C. you played the guitar very well  
D. she played the guitar very well  
E. you play the guitar very well
- The recipe tells you to use a pound and a \_\_\_\_\_ butter.  
A. each of B. all of C. both of D. none of E. half of
- Yesterday Lisa went to the hairdresser's. She \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. had her hair cut  
B. is cutting her hair

- C. cut her hair  
D. was cutting her hair  
E. cuts her hair

- If he \_\_\_\_\_ where he was going, he wouldn't have walked into the wall.  
A. has been looking  
B. has looked  
C. had been looking  
D. looked  
E. was looking
- Chimgee earns two times \_\_\_\_\_ much \_\_\_\_\_ I do.  
A. both/and B. as/if C. like/as D. as/as E. alike/as
- I took a vest with me \_\_\_\_\_ I wouldn't get cold.  
A. in order to B. so that C. to D. so as E. as if

Identify the underlined part that should be corrected in each sentence.

/2x2=4points/

- Most candles are made of paraffin wax mix with compounds that have a higher melting point  
A B C  
to keep them from melting in hot weather.  
D E
- A fully grown male mountain lion may be eight long feet.  
A B C D E

#### SECTION 2 VOCABULARY

Read the sentences and choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

/10x1=10points/

- We can travel to Brighton \_\_\_\_\_ by bus or by train; the fare is almost the same.  
A. both B. none C. neither D. either E. all
- The more he looked at her, \_\_\_\_\_ embarrassed she was.  
A. more B. the most C. the more D. mostly E. much
- John is \_\_\_\_\_ and needs help when asked to sign papers.  
A. literate B. illiterate C. literacy D. illiteracy E. literally
- When you go to the town, could you please buy a \_\_\_\_\_ of jam for me?  
A. bar B. can C. bag D. jar E. carton
- My boss \_\_\_\_\_ this language course to me.  
A. recommended B. persuaded C. influenced D. criticized E. maintained
- Teaching English in a lively interesting way increases students' \_\_\_\_\_ to learn.  
A. volunteering B. tolerance C. diversity D. motivation E. automation

24. The forecast is for dry, sunny weather with no \_\_\_\_\_ expected.  
 A. degradation B. desertification C. precipitation D. protection E. permission
25. My \_\_\_\_\_ is that you're not getting enough work done.  
 A. concentration B. concern C. occupation D. action E. attachment
26. Synthetic fabrics are made from \_\_\_\_\_ substances, not natural ones.  
 A. organic B. artificial C. unique D. modern E. combined
27. The two countries have \_\_\_\_\_ close ties for centuries.  
 A. confused B. distracted C. debated D. maintained E. ignored

**Complete the phrasal verbs with the correct particles.** /3x2=6points/

28. Because of some mistakes in my test, my teacher made me do it \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. without B. with C. away D. in E. over
29. After the thieves are captured, the stolen items will be turned \_\_\_\_\_ to the rightful owners.  
 A. in B. away C. into D. against E. down
30. Chimgee is nearly eight feet tall and has red hair, so she really sticks \_\_\_\_\_ in a crowd.  
 A. to B. down C. around D. with E. out

**Choose the correct meaning of the underlined idioms.** /3x2=6points/

31. The man was desperate to get rid of his car even though it was only one year old. So I was able to buy it for a song.  
 A. His car was expensive.  
 B. He sang a song in his car.  
 C. He exchanged his car for a different one.  
 D. He bought the car very cheaply.  
 E. He bought a CD with his favorite songs.
32. Chimgee got it in the neck because she forgot to turn off the car light last night.  
 A. The long drive hurt her neck.  
 B. She forgot to turn off the car light.  
 C. She was punished for the damage to the car battery.  
 D. Her shirt was open at the neck.  
 E. She was punished for the damage to the car light.
33. I was up in the air about selling my house and moving into a bigger one.  
 A. He was in the air when his wife was moving her house.  
 B. He was excited about moving into a big house.

- C. He always airs his house.  
 D. He sold his old house and moved into a big one.  
 E. He left the windows open to let the room air a bit.

**SECTION 3 COMMUNICATION**

**Read the conversations and choose the best answers.**

/3x2=6points/

34. *Man:* Does Judy prefer saving her money?

*Woman:* \_\_\_\_\_ She loves to buy things.

- A. Yes, she always saves her money.  
 B. Yes, she'd rather save.  
 C. No, she wouldn't rather spend her money.  
 D. No, she'd rather not save.  
 E. Yes, she prefers saving her money.

35. *Woman:* Richard, may I use your phone? I think mine is out of order.

*Man:* \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. Feel free B. Take it easy C. So do I D. Go ahead E. Sounds great

36. *Student:* Did people there use to be poor?

*Teacher:* \_\_\_\_\_ They used to be rich.

- A. Yes, they were.  
 B. Yes, they did.  
 C. No, they didn't.  
 D. No, they weren't.  
 E. No, people weren't.

**Read the short conversations and choose the best answers.**

/2x2=4points/

37. *Woman:* I was wondering if I could borrow a cup of sugar. I was baking a cake, but I ran out of it.

*Man:* I'm glad it's your turn to ask for something.

What does the man mean?

- A. He is happy to see the woman again.  
 B. He is glad that he can return a favor.  
 C. He is glad the woman went running.  
 D. It was her turn to ask the question.  
 E. The woman spent the afternoon baking some cake.

38. *Woman:* It's dark in the front hall.

Man: The bulb's burned out.

What does the woman imply?

- A. The ball is in the front hall.
- B. She can smell something burning.
- C. She turned the light off.
- D. The light doesn't work.
- E. The woman has to light a candle.

#### SECTION 4 READING

##### Task 1

Read the passage and choose the correct answers.

/6x2=12points/

(1) When John was growing up, other kids felt sorry for him because his parents always made him weed the garden, carry out the garbage and deliver newspapers. But when John reached adulthood, he was better than his childhood playmates. He had more job satisfaction, a better marriage, and was healthier. Most of all, he was happier. Far happier.

(2) The findings of a 40-year study that observed the lives of 456 teenage boys from Boston showed that those who had worked during their boyhood enjoyed happier and more productive lives than those who had not. "Boys who worked in the home or community gained more competence and came to feel ts worthwhile members of society", said George Vaillant, the psychologist who made the discovery. As he also said, "Because they felt good about themselves, others felt good about them as well."

(3) Vaillant's study observed these males in great detail. Interviews were repeated at the ages of 25,31 and 47. Under Vaillant's supervision, the researchers compared the men's mental health scores with their boyhood-activity scores. Points were awarded for their part-time jobs, housework, school efforts, and ability to deal with problems.

(4) The link between the scores of men's boyhood and adulthood activities was surprisingly *sharp*. Those who had done the most boyhood activities were twice as likely to have warm relations with a wide variety of people, five times as likely to be well paid, and 16 times less likely to have been unemployed. The researchers also found that IQ, family, a social and economic status made no real difference in how the boys turned out to be adults.

(5) Working at any age is important. Childhood activities help children develop their abilities to be responsible, independent, confident and competent—the underpinnings of emotional health. *They* also help them understand the importance of cooperative work toward common goals. The most confident adults are those who know how to do this. Yet work isn't everything. As Tolstoy once said, "One can live magnificently in this world if he/she knows how to work and love, and how to work for the person one loves and love one's work."

39. What do we know about John?

- A. He had few childhood playmates.
- B. He received little love from his family.
- C. He was envied by others in his childhood.

- D. He felt sorry for his childhood.
- E. He enjoyed his career and marriage.

40. Vaillant's words in Paragraph 2 serve as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. an explanation of why some boys grew into happy men
- B. a description of personal values and social values
- C. an analysis of how work was related to competence
- D. an example of parents' expectations of their children
- E. advice on how to become a worthy member of society

41. Vaillant's team obtained their findings by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. recording the boys' effort in school
- B. evaluating the men's mental health
- C. measuring the men's problem-solving ability
- D. comparing different sets of scores
- E. meeting the teenage boys' parents

42. The word "*sharp*" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to

- A. quick to react
- B. having a thin edge
- C. clear and definite
- D. sudden and rapid
- E. easy to cut

43. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. Competent adults know more about love than work.
- B. Emotional health is essential to wonderful adult life.
- C. Love brings more joy to people than work does.
- D. Independence is the key to one's success.
- E. Confident adults know more about work than love.

44. The word "*They*" in paragraph 5 refers to

- A. children
- B. childhood activities
- C. underpinnings of emotional health
- D. adulthood activities
- E. researchers

##### Task 2

Read the information about the zoo and choose the correct word to complete each blank.

/3x2=6points/

The zoo is celebrating its 60<sup>th</sup> anniversary with a £12 million redevelopment-imaginative landscaping that gives more (45) \_\_\_\_\_ to animals and birds. One of the zoo's (46) \_\_\_\_\_ is to keep a small number of species-only 50 mammals-but in larger (47) \_\_\_\_\_ than usual. Star features

include an award-winning primate enclosure, elephant house, new bird house, and underwater viewing facilities for penguins and sea lions.

45. A. impression B. instruction C. democracy D. privacy E. pharmacy  
 46. A. pets B. services C. viewers D. visitors E. principles  
 47. A. numbers B. places C. symbols D. audiences E. areas

**PART II**

**2.1 Combine each phrase in column "A" with a suitable phrase from column "B".**  
**Not all phrases in column "B" will be used.**

/6x1=6points/

- | A   | B   |
|---|---|
| a. The advertisements are specifically aimed    | 1. kind and thoughtful.   |
| b. He got the job despite                       | 2. not very interesting.  |
| c. I hired him because                          | 3. for some clothes.  |
| d. He seems well-educated; however,             | 4. he's not very bright.  |
| e. She's not only beautiful and intelligent but | 5. at very young children.  |
| f. Adults often laugh                           | 6. not having much experience.  |
|   | 7. at advertisements which are intended to persuade people to buy products. |
|   | 8. he had much more experience.   |

**2.2 Match the words with their definitions. There are two extra definitions.**

/6x1=6points/

- |                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| a. habitat       | 1. someone who steals things, especially from stores or banks            |
| b. polyglot      | 2. a person who lives or has his/her home in a place                     |
| c. compassion    | 3. a person who knows and uses only one language                         |
| d. resident      | 4. a person who knows and uses several languages                         |
| e. hijacker      | 5. sympathy for those who are suffering                                  |
| f. contamination | 6. the presence of unwanted or dangerous substances                      |
|                  | 7. the natural environment in which a plant or animal lives              |
|                  | 8. someone who uses force to take control of an airplane, ship, or train |

**2.3 Choose the correct word form that best fits in each blank.**

/8x1=8points/

About 5000 years ago, China lost much of its wood because of overpopulation and poor (a) \_\_\_\_\_ of its forests. This (b) \_\_\_\_\_ was very bad for their country, of course, but it turned out to

be very good for the food. Wood became very expensive and (c) \_\_\_\_\_ to get, so the Chinese had to either find a substitute for their valuable wood or learn how to use it better.

In order to (d) \_\_\_\_\_ in cooking, they had to use very little wood. So they started cutting their meat and vegetables into small pieces before they put them in the hot oil. That way, the food cooked faster, and they saved their fuel. The food (e) \_\_\_\_\_ in this manner kept its fresh (f) \_\_\_\_\_. This flavor attracts people to the art of Chinese (g) \_\_\_\_\_.

I often wonder if the Chinese (h) \_\_\_\_\_ their solution to that ancient energy crisis as much as I do now- whenever I eat Chinese food.

- |                   |                |                 |                 |                   |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| a. 1. manageable  | 2. manager     | 3. manageress   | 4. management   | 5. manage         |
| b. 1. loser       | 2. lost        | 3. losses       | 4. lose         | 5. loss           |
| c. 1. hard        | 2. hardly      | 3. hardening    | 4. hardened     | 5. hardness       |
| d. 1. economist   | 2. economy     | 3. economize    | 4. economic     | 5. economical     |
| e. 1. preparation | 2. prepare     | 3. preparedness | 4. prepared     | 5. preparatory    |
| f. 1. flavor      | 2. flavored    | 3. flavoring    | 4. flavorless   | 5. flavorful      |
| g. 1. cooking     | 2. cook        | 3. cooker       | 4. cooked       | 5. cookie         |
| h. 1. appreciable | 2. appreciated | 3. appreciation | 4. appreciative | 5. appreciatively |



# ЭЛСЭЛТИЙН ШАЛГАЛТ-2025

## ГАРААНЫ ҮНЭЛГЭЭ АНГЛИ ХЭЛ Хувилбар В

### PART I

#### SECTION 1 GRAMMAR

Read the following sentences and choose the correct answer to complete each sentence.

/4x1=4points/

1. I can't imagine Susan \_\_\_\_\_ a horse.  
A. riding B. rode C. rides D. to ride E. has ridden
2. Let's go and have a cup of coffee. We have \_\_\_\_\_ time before the train leaves.  
A. few B. no C. a little D. little E. any
3. My grandmother has had a hard life and has grown old \_\_\_\_\_ her time.  
A. during B. after C. until D. before E. while
4. Scientists have advanced many theories about why human beings cry tears, but none of \_\_\_\_\_ has been proved.  
A. when B. whom C. that D. where E. which

/11x2=22points/

5. Just as I got to the school gate, I realized I \_\_\_\_\_ my umbrella in the restaurant.  
A. would leave B. was leaving C. have left D. had left E. were leaving
6. If you add three and two, you \_\_\_\_\_ five.  
A. got B. will get C. get D. would get E. are getting
7. We didn't like living in the big cities at first, but we \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. get used to B. got used to C. am use to D. be used to E. use to
8. Your apartment is old and small. You would like to live in a nice big apartment.  
You say: I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ in a nice big apartment.  
A. would live B. were living C. had lived D. lived E. have lived
9. Many new buildings \_\_\_\_\_ during the storm.  
A. had damaged  
B. damaged  
C. have damaged  
D. was damaged  
E. were damaged
10. *Direct speech:* "I'm waiting for my English exam result," Chimgee said.  
*Reported speech:* Chimgee said (that) \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. she was waiting for her English exam result  
B. she is waiting for my English exam result  
C. she has been waiting for her English exam result  
D. she waited for her English exam result  
E. she was waiting for my English exam result
11. I'll turn the TV on \_\_\_\_\_ I can watch the news.  
A. so as B. in order to C. to D. so that E. for
12. We live in \_\_\_\_\_ village \_\_\_\_\_ their parents.  
A. not so/as B. as/as C. the same/as D. so/as E. both/and

13. My interest in music came from my parents, \_\_\_\_\_ whom were musicians.  
A. half of B. both of C. all of D. none of E. neither of

14. Tom's car was broken down. He went to the mechanic's last weekend.

He \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. repaired his car
- B. had repaired his car
- C. has his car repaired
- D. had his car repaired
- E. was repairing his car

15. If he \_\_\_\_\_ too much, he wouldn't have felt sick.  
A. hadn't been eaten  
B. didn't eat  
C. hasn't eaten  
D. wasn't eating  
E. hadn't eaten

Identify the underlined part that should be corrected in each sentence.

/2x2=4points/

16. Ants are blind to red light, so it is possible to observe themselves in an artificial nest without disturbing their activities.  
A B C D E
17. More pigs are raised in Iowa than in other any state.  
A B C D E

#### SECTION 2 VOCABULARY

Read the sentences and choose the correct word for each blank.

/10x1=10 points/

18. \_\_\_\_\_ Jim nor Tom passed the exam.  
A. Either B. Both C. Neither D. All E. None
19. Alex is very \_\_\_\_\_ of his younger sister.  
A. protect B. protection C. protected D. protective E. protector
20. We must get a \_\_\_\_\_ of flour, and some eggs and apples, so we can make an apple pie for dessert.  
A. box B. can C. tube D. bar E. bag
21. The more he exercises, \_\_\_\_\_ he will be.  
A. the healthier B. healthiest C. healthier D. the healthiest E. healthy
22. Children \_\_\_\_\_ their necks to see who their mother was talking to.

- A. nodded    B. spilled    C. fluttered    D. craned    E. ignored
23. The Professor just wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ the importance of learning foreign languages.  
A. grasp    B. integrate    C. damage    D. extend    E. emphasize
24. Regular exercise is good for your body and brain. It \_\_\_\_\_ your blood with oxygen.  
A. stores    B. influences    C. enriches    D. processes    E. produces
25. Millions of birds migrate to the south every year. It is an annual \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. celebration    B. phenomenon    C. perception    D. motivation    E. behavior
26. The heavy rain flooded the field, and the ground was muddy. Under these \_\_\_\_\_ the kids couldn't play.  
A. willingness    B. basements    C. decisions    D. circumstances    E. cells
27. Many foreign \_\_\_\_\_ attended the opening ceremony.  
A. scavengers    B. failures    C. abilities    D. attempts    E. dignitaries

**Complete the phrasal verbs with the correct particles.** /3x2=6 points/

28. If I could do it \_\_\_\_\_ again, I'd do it differently.  
A. over    B. without    C. away    D. in    E. with
29. It's getting late, I'm turning \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. into    B. around    C. in    D. up    E. off
30. Be careful walking in the woods, there are a lot of branches sticking \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to    B. at    C. by    D. out    E. with

**Choose the correct meaning of the underlined idioms.** /3x2=6 points/

31. Jake and I lost our jobs yesterday. Now we are in the same boat.  
A. They are in the broken boat.  
B. They have a good situation.  
C. They are looking for a job.  
D. They are travelling by boat.  
E. They are in the same bad situation.
32. I only got the message by word of mouth.  
A. He read the message from the newspaper.  
B. The message was passed by his mom.  
C. He opened his mouth while he was reading the message.  
D. The message passed from person to person.  
E. He was only mouthing the message.
33. My girlfriend always acts as if she was born yesterday.  
A. She is naive because she doesn't have much experience in life.

- B. She was born yesterday.  
C. Her boyfriend doesn't know what she really wants.  
D. She believes that the best way to learn is by experience.  
E. His girlfriend is very thoughtful.

**SECTION 3                      COMMUNICATION**

**Read the conversations and choose the best answers.** /3x2=6 points/

34. *Woman:* What do Connie and Pierre do?  
*Man:* Connie is a manager at *Faces and Places*, and \_\_\_\_\_ Pierre.  
A. so is    B. so does    C. either does    D. neither is    E. is too
35. *Man:* Who does Mary look like?  
*Woman:* She and her mother look \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. alike    B. like    C. dislike    D. unlike    E. likely
36. *Girl:* I really must be going now.  
*Boy:* But you've just come. Wouldn't you like to stay for a snack?  
*Girl:* That's very kind of you, but I mustn't be too late.  
*Boy:* \_\_\_\_\_  
*Girl:* Thanks very much for the party.  
A. What a surprise!  
B. I'd be glad to.  
C. With pleasure.  
D. Sounds great.  
E. What a pity!

**Read the short conversations and choose the best answers.** /2x2=4 points/

37. *Man:* How did Fred manage to pass his social psychology class?  
*Woman:* It is a mystery to me.  
What does the woman mean?  
A. Fred is mysterious.  
B. Fred's class is not difficult.  
C. Fred's social psychology class is mysterious.  
D. Social psychology class is interesting to the woman.  
E. She doesn't know.
38. *Man:* Is it okay for me to leave my car here just for a few minutes?  
*Woman:* You are blocking the driveway.  
What does the woman say?  
A. It's okay to leave the car only for a few minutes.  
B. She doesn't live on this block.  
C. The man should park in the driveway.  
D. She lives around the block.  
E. The man can't park there.

SECTION 4 READING

Task 1

Read the passage and choose the correct answers.

/6x2=12 points/

(1) Daniel Andersen, a famous psychologist, believes that it's important to distinguish television's influences on children from those of the family. We tend to blame TV, he says, for problems it doesn't really cause, overlooking our roles in shaping children's minds.

(2) One traditional belief about television is that it reduces a child's ability to think and understand the world. While watching TV, children do not merely absorb words and images. Instead, they learn both explicit and hidden meanings from what they see. Actually, children learn the psychology of characters in TV shows earlier. Furthermore, as many teachers agree, children understand far more when their parents watch TV with *them*, explaining new words and ideas. Yet, most parents use an educational program as a chance to park their kids in front of the set and do something else in another room.

(3) Another argument against television is that it replaces reading as a form of entertainment. But according to Anderson, the amount of time spent watching television is not related to the children's reading ability. TV doesn't take the place of reading for most children; it takes the place of similar sorts of recreation, such as listening to the radio and playing sports. Things like parents' educational background have a stronger influence on a child's reading. "A child's reading ability is best predicted by how much a parent reads", Anderson says.

(4) According to traditional wisdom, heavy television watching affects children's IQ scores and even their school performance. However, Anderson notes that no studies have proved it. In fact, research suggests that it's the other way around. "If you are smart, you will watch less TV when you are older", Andersen says. Yet, people with a lower IQ tend to be lifelong television viewers.

(5) For years, researchers have attempted to show that television is dangerous to children. However, the studies have not shown the dangerous effects of television as conventionally believed yet. Anderson suggests that television cannot be *condemned* without considering other influences.

39. By watching TV, children learn \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. images through words
- B. more about images than words
- C. little about people's psychology
- D. more than explicit meanings
- E. more about words than images

40. An educational program is best watched by a child \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. on his own
- B. with other kids
- C. with his teachers
- D. with his parents
- E. with his classmates

41. Which of the following is most related to children's reading ability?

- A. radio listening
- B. television watching
- C. parents' educational background
- D. parents' reading list
- E. teachers' educational background

42. Anderson believes that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the more a child watches TV, the smarter he becomes
- B. the smarter a child is, the less likely he gets addicted to TV
- C. the younger a child is, the more he watches TV
- D. the less a child watches TV, the better he performs at school
- E. the older a child is, the less likely he gets addicted to TV

43. The word "*condemned*" in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to

- A. believed
- B. criticized
- C. considered
- D. predicted
- E. continued

44. The word "*them*" in paragraph 2 refers to

- A. words and images
- B. hidden meanings
- C. characters in TV shows
- D. children
- E. teachers

Task 2

Read the following advice and choose the correct word to complete each blank.

/3x2=6points/

You don't need me to tell you to take great care. Follow your common (45) \_\_\_\_\_ and don't stay out in the hot sun for too long at first. Overexposure will (46) \_\_\_\_\_ in painful sunburn and no tan in the end. Begin with half an hour on day one, and after that, all being well, you can double the time of the previous day. And don't forget: there are some good creams and lotions on the market these days which will protect you from the most harmful (47) \_\_\_\_\_ of the sun.

- 45. A. regulation    B. service    C. skin    D. instruction    E. sense
- 46. A. reply    B. remind    C. result    D. warn    E. sunshade
- 47. A. defects    B. effects    C. affects    D. sunglasses    E. diseases

**PART II**

**2.1 Combine each phrase in column "A" with a suitable phrase from column "B".**

**Not all phrases in column "B" will be used.**

/6x1=6 points/

- | A  | B   |
|--|---|
| a. The public reaction                       | 1. I don't like her.                                |
| b. It's a simple dish to prepare, consisting | 2. other reasons that we don't know about.          |
| c. He managed to eat big lunch despite       | 3. had an enormous breakfast.                       |
| d. Before I went out I                       | 4. for washing dishes.                              |
| e. There may, however, be                    | 5. mainly of rice and vegetables.                   |
| f. She tried to explain everything,          | 6. but the reason for her actions remained unclear. |
|  | 7. to the decision was furious.                     |
|  | 8. having eaten an enormous breakfast.              |

- |                   |              |              |                   |                |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| a. 1. changed     | 2. change    | 3. changing  | 4. changeable     | 5. changeless  |
| b. 1. jointed     | 2. joiner    | 3. joint     | 4. join           | 5. joined      |
| c. 1. deliverance | 2. deliver   | 3. delivery  | 4. deliverable    | 5. deliverer   |
| d. 1. dangerous   | 2. dangers   | 3. danger    | 4. dangerously    | 5. endanger    |
| e. 1. invented    | 2. invention | 3. inventor  | 4. inventive      | 5. inventively |
| f. 1. simplicity  | 2. simple    | 3. simplify  | 4. simplification | 5. simply      |
| g. 1. lose        | 2. loss      | 3. losses    | 4. lost           | 5. loser       |
| h. 1. powered     | 2. power     | 3. powerless | 4. powerfully     | 5. powerful    |

**2.2 Match the words with their definitions.**

/6x1=6points/

- |                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| a. settler      | 1. someone who illegally and intentionally kills another person                   |
| b. half-brother | 2. a range of different people or things  |
| c. mature       | 3. line or shape that bends like part of a circle                                 |
| d. murderer     | 4. a child of your aunt or uncle  |
| e. curved       | 5. someone who goes to live in a new place  |
| f. diversity    | 6. a son of someone's stepmother or stepfather                                    |
|                 | 7. become more developed mentally and emotionally and behave in a responsible way |
|                 | 8. several people or things that are connected with each other in some ways       |

**2.3 Choose the correct word form that best fits in each blank.**

/8x1=8points/

In 1929, when aviation was still very new, a French pilot and novelist-Antoine de St. Exupery-took on a job that (a) \_\_\_\_\_ the mail service in South America. He set up an air mail route that (b) \_\_\_\_\_ the cities of South America and cut the (c) \_\_\_\_\_ time of mail from several months to a few days.

Delivering the mail by air was not a new idea in 1929, but it was still a very daring one. Flying was full of (d) \_\_\_\_\_. The aviation technology we have today wasn't yet (e) \_\_\_\_\_. Pilots had to use (f) \_\_\_\_\_ instruments such as compasses and road maps. Airplanes had small engines and (g) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of power when they flew at high altitudes. These planes couldn't fly over heights, so mountains, tall buildings, and even trees were dangerous. Also, these small planes weren't (h) \_\_\_\_\_ enough to fly above storms and bad weather.



№	A		B	
	Зөв хариу	Оноо	Зөв хариу	Оноо
1	D.	1	A.	1
2	C.	1	C.	1
3	E.	1	D.	1
4	D.	1	E.	1
5	C.	2	D.	2
6	B.	2	C.	2
7	D.	2	B.	2
8	A.	2	D.	2
9	C.	2	E.	2
10	D.	2	A.	2
11	E.	2	D.	2
12	A.	2	C.	2
13	C.	2	B.	2
14	D.	2	D.	2
15	B.	2	E.	2
16	B.	2	C.	2
17	E.	2	E.	2
18	D.	1	C.	1
19	C.	1	D.	1
20	B.	1	E.	1
21	D.	1	A.	1
22	A.	1	D.	1
23	D.	1	E.	1
24	C.	1	C.	1
25	B.	1	B.	1
26	B.	1	D.	1
27	D.	1	E.	1
28	E.	2	A.	2
29	A.	2	C.	2
30	E.	2	D.	2
31	D.	2	E.	2
32	C.	2	D.	2
33	B.	2	A.	2
34	D.	2	A.	2
35	A.	2	A.	2
36	C.	2	E.	2
37	B.	2	E.	2

38	D.	2	E.	2
39	E.	2	D.	2
40	A.	2	D.	2
41	D.	2	C.	2
42	C.	2	B.	2
43	B.	2	B.	2
44	B.	2	D.	2
45	D.	2	E.	2
46	E.	2	C.	2
47	A.	2	B.	2
2.1	a5	1	a7	1
	b6	1	b5	1
	c8	1	c8	1
	d4	1	d3	1
	e1	1	e2	1
	f7	1	f6	1
2.2	a7	1	a5	1
	b4	1	b6	1
	c5	1	c7	1
	d2	1	d1	1
	e8	1	e3	1
	f6	1	f2	1
2.3	a4	1	a1	1
	b5	1	b5	1
	c1	1	c3	1
	d3	1	d2	1
	e4	1	e1	1
	f1	1	f2	1
	g1	1	g4	1
	h2	1	h5	1